THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Committees Report in Favor of Land Grant Forfeitures.

Luna, Republican, Delegate for New Mexico, Unseated.

Belford a Source of Amusement for the House.

Woman's Suffrage.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—At a meeting of the National Woman's Suffrage association, the question, "How the National association can help the women of Oregon to gain the ballot" was discussed. It was said that in that state Mrs. Dunaway had been taking a census of voters favorable to woman suffrage and has learned that the measure will have the votes of the best citizens. It was decided to assist Oregon in a financial direction and in that direction alone. It was decided therefore to prepare and send throughout the country to members and their friends, asking for assistance. Miss Anthony read a long list of names of persons from whom letters of encouragement had been received, among them a letter from Senator Anthony. Miss Phoebe Cozzens, of St. Louis, then addressed the convention, her subject being "What answer," and was followed by Mrs. Belva K. Lockwood, who discussed the question of the constitutionality of the Edmunds bill to disfranchise the women of Utah and incidentally defended the Mormon church. When she had finished her speech Miss Anthony stated that the association had nothing to do with the government's treatment of the Utah question except in so far as its treatment of the women of Utah is concerned. Miss Anthony notified the convention that the president has arranged to receive delegates to morrow; that the senate committee on woman's suffrage would give them a hearing Friday and the house judiciary committee on Saturday.

Land Grant Forfeitures.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The senate committee on public lands at a special meeting this evening ordered a favorable report upon the house bill declaring forfeited lands granted the Texas Pacific railway in New Mexico, Arizona and California and restoring them to the public domain.

The house committee on public lands agreed to report favorably the house bill to declare forfeited the Ontonagon and Brule River railroad company's land grant, stripped of the section providing for the confirmation of the acts of the department of the interior in permitting entries upon those lands and striking out this section. The bill was agreed to by a majority of one vote in the committee and the minority will bring in a report recommending amendment of the bill in the house by the reinsertion of the section. The land grant forfeiture which is recommended by the committee amounts to about 120 sections of land, and entries upon those lands which the bill sought to confirm aggregate between 300,000 and 400,000 acres. The committee also agreed to report favorably a bid to declare forfeited the unearned land grant of the California and Oregon Railroad company, amounting to about 1,000,000 acres.

Keifer-Boynton.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The Keifer-Boynton committee continued its investigation this afternoon. Coleman, Keifer's attorney, and General Hunton, both at one time attorneys for McGarrahan in the prosecution of his claims, were examined and testified that they while in charge of the case had not heard of General Boynton as being connected with the claim. Keifer was then placed upon the stand and subjected to a rigid cross examination by General Boynton's counsel. He swore positively that he was not in Boynton's office on the night of March 1st, 1883, nor on the night of March 2nd, and did not think he had been in his office or had any conversation with General Boynton on the 27th or 28th of February.

General Boynton recalled the story of the press gallery trouble and stated that the trouble between General Keifer and himself dated from that time. He reiterated the statement that General Keifer was in his office on the night of March 1st and detailed the conversation that took place on that occasion.

Danville Investigation.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—This morning the Danville committee called J. C. Fowler, white, of Bristol, Va., chairman of his county readjuster committee, now clerk of the United States court at Abington, Va. He identified a circular current in his neighborhood previous to election. It declared a race conflict was imminent at Danville, and Mahone responsible for it. A telegram from Danville was appended to the circular saying, "We are standing in our doors with guns, protecting our families. Post this up at the court house door" [signed] P. N. Robertson. Witness said he had never seen such intensity of feeling since the firing on Fort Sumpter, as was created by the circular and reports put out by the democrats. Senator Vance protested against the admission of evidence of this character. Witness was publicly insulted and two or three times assaulted on election day. On one occasion he was rescued by democratic officials.

McKenzie's Mental Condition.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Brigadier General Donald S. McKenzie, U. S. A., was examined by the retiring board at New York to-day. As he is regarded hopelessly insane there is no doubt of his being paloed on the retired list.

XLVII. Congress.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Randall, committee on appropriations, reported back the senate joint resolution for an additional $10,000 to the contingent fund of the senate for witness fees in the Danville investigation with an amendment providing that the sum shall only be available for expenses of the investigation heretofore ordered. The amendment was adopted and the resolution passed.

Ellis, same committee, reported back adversely for the relief of sufferers by overflow of the lower Mississippi valley and by the cyclone in North Carolina. Laid on the table; also, favorably, a resolution requesting the secretary of war to furnish the house from time to time with information on the progress of the floods in the valley of the Mississippi and report if any time in his judgment there exists such suffering as to justify measures of relief on the part of congress.

Robertson, of Kentucky, committee on elections, reported a resolution unseating T. Luna, delegate from New Mexico, and seating in his place F. A Manzanares.

Manzanares appeared before the house and took the oath.

Lewis, committee on public lands, reported a bill repealing section 22 of the act incorporating the Texas Pacific Railroad company and to declare forfeiture of land grant therein made. House calendar.

The land grant forfeited by this bill is that to the New Orleans, Baton Rouge & Vicksburg Railroad company.

Dunn, committee on commerce, reported a bill providing for the removal of obstructions to free navigation of navigable waters of the United States. Committee of the whole.

Collins, committee on judiciary, reported a bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States. Committee of the whole.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the naval appropriation bill, the pending amendment being that offered by McMillen reducing the number of captains to 30, the number of commanders to 50, and providing that no more promotions shall be made to these grades until the numbers are reduced below the numbers mentioned. McMillen's amendment was lost.

Calkins moved to strike out the provision prohibiting promotion in the various grades in the line and staff of the navy until such grades shall be reduced to the numbers fixed by the naval act of '82 and the amendment adopted yesterday reducing the staff corps was agreed to 88 to 65.

Belford moved to increase to $50,000,000 the appropriation for emergencies and extraordinary expenses and made one of his characteristic speeches criticising the democratic party for appropriating for those emergencies the magnificent sum of $15,000. Bismarck had sent an insulting message and in the very face of it the majority of the house declared that if Germany made war on America it would perpetuate and protect the country's honor with the magnificent $15,000. He then paid his respects to Randall, asserting that since election in Philadelphia that gentleman was as dead as Lazarus with no Christ in sight to resurrect him.

Cox, of New York, sent to the clerk's desk and had read a newspaper extract as explaining the manner in which Belford had contracted his dramatic manner of speaking, and a good deal of amusement was created as the clerk read a jocular account of that gentleman's criticism on Mrs. Langtry and an exaggerated description of his own personal appearance.

The amendment was withdrawn.

On motion of Randall an amendment was adopted providing that the amount appropriated by the paragraph shall be apportioned in monthly installments and the apportionments shall be adhered to unless in some emergency.

Calkins raised a point of order against the paragraph appropriating for the use of the bureau of steam engineering the unexpended balance of the appropriation of one million, about $170,000, made by the last naval bill for engines and machinery for double-turreted monitors.

The chair having overruled the point of order Budd moved to strike out the paragraph. He declared the defense of the Pacific coast was insufficient to keep out a second rate vessel of war. The motion was lost.

An amendment was offered by Calkins uniting under one head the bureaus of steam engineering and construction, and rejected.

The committee then rose and Tulley, committee on public lands, reported a bill forfeiting the Ontonagon and Brule river land grant. House calendar.

Adjourned.

SENATE.

Garland, from the judiciary committee, reported favorably an original bill providing for the collection of statistics touching marriage and divorce.

The chair laid before the senate a bill extending the limits of Yellowstone park, and after debate the bill passed.

The senate then on motion of Sawyer passed a bill authorizing the postmaster general to lease buildings for postoffices of the first, second and third-classes at reasonable rates for terms not to exceed 10 years.

The chair laid before the senate unfinished business, it being the Pendleton bill providing for the exercise of jurisdiction conferred upon the United States in places outside their dominion. A debate arose and while Pendleton was speaking Sherman asked and obtained unanimous consent to have read a message from the house announcing agreement to the senate joint resolution appropriating ten thousand dollars for the contingent fund. On reading the message it was found the concurrence of the house had been given coupled with the proviso that the money should be used for no investigation other than such as had already been ordered.

Butler and others on hearing this condition objected to present consideration and it went over.

After further debate on the Pendleton bill the senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

A BIT OF HISTORY.

James Relates His Connection With Star Route Prosecutions.

Discovery of the Corrupt Ring and its Operations.

Garfield's Unsparing Efforts to Punish Evil Doers.

The Star Route Investigation.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Ex-Postmaster General James and ex-Attorney General MacVeagh were examined to-day by Springer's committee relative to expenditures in the department of justice for the prosecution of star route cases. James had his attention first especially called to star route matters by ex-U. S. Senator Spencer, of Alabama, and other well-informed gentlemen. It was their belief that millions of dollars had been wasted in unnecessar star service, much of which had never been performed, and procured by improper means. It was also maintained that an honest and thorough investigation would render practicable retrenchment without detriment to the service which would not only make the postoffice department self-sustaining, but would yield a respectable revenue to the treasury. Continuing, James said, "That I entertained such views was more or less known, and added to the fact that while postmaster in New York when asked by Stephen W. Dorsey to certify in my official capacity to a large number of papers connected with the contract office of the postoffice department I refused to do so, may account for a certain letter in opposition to my appointment to a cabinet position. About this time General Garfield informed me in an interview that he proposed to nominate me as postmaster general. After an exchange of views I decided to undertake the duties of the position. General Garfield said he was afraid there was something very wrong in the department itself. I thought if so he expected me to find it out and then plow into the beam and after that sub soil it. On the ninth of March, James, having in the meantime been appointed postmaster-general, the president sent for him and brought up the subject of the star route service. He said he was satisfied there had been wilful waste of public money and gross corruption; that all unnecessary service must be relentlessly cut off; that the proposed investigation must be aimed at the system and not at men, but if inquiry showed any persons guilty of corruption or fraud they must be handed over to the department of justice. He gave instructions to pursue this investigation until there were no more facts to ascertain.

Witness said; "A. M. Gibbons, formerly the New York Sun's correspondent, placed in his hands evidence of the greatest importance and made valuable suggestions bearing upon star route matters and methods All sources of information at command were made available and the investigation pushed in every way. The state of affairs this revealed was truly appalling. In the early part of April, fortified with facts and figures laboriously and carefully collected, Woodward and myself called on the president and exhibited a comparative statement of the most corruptly manipulated routes He displayed great surprise and wished to know if the figures had been verified by the records. He also added that he had been providentially saved from falling into a trap which had evidently been set for him and seemed to be contemplating some peril which he had escaped. He asked whether the papers had been shown to the attorney general. I replied 'No,' when he requested me to call with that official and Mr. Woodward next day. In conformity with his request we called the next afternoon and a lengthy consultation ensued. In answer to my suggestion as to whether it would not be wiser to institute civil suits for the recovery of money obtained through dishonest contracts rather than commence criminal proceedings against implicated parties, he said 'no.' 'One moment, Mr. President,' said the attorney-general. 'Consider whether or no the postmaster-general is not right before a final decision is rendered; that these proceedings may strike men in high places, that they may result in changing a republican majority in the United States senate into a democratic majority, that they may affect persons who claim you are under personal obligations to them for services rendered during the last campaign and one person in particular who asserts that without his management you could not have been elected. Look these facts squarely in the face before taking a final stand, for neither the postmaster general nor myself will know friend or foe in this matter.' The president walked across the room, reflected a moment and said, 'No; I have sworn to execute the laws. Go ahead, regardless of where or whom you hit. I direct you both not only to probe this ulcer to the bottom, but to cut it out.' This closed the conversation and shortly after the conference above referred to ex-Senator Dorsey called on me at Washington and in the presence of Mr. Woodward denounced Brady bitterly and urged that he be removed."

The preparations made for investigating the star routes were described by witness at length; the removal of Brady, etc. "Very soon," said James, "Dorsey began to actively engage in efforts to shield himself; to bring in efforts to shield himself, to bring the investigation to naught, to disturb the relations of the president with his cabinet and to convince the country that 'persecution' was the primary motive of the department and the administration. The most brazen effrontery and reckless prevarication were freely indulged in, despite the most direct and convincing evidence which surrounded on every hand. The history of the Dorsey star route combination was given in detail, including Rerdell's and Brady's connection therewith, pretty nearly as stated in the trial. Witness said ex-Senator Spencer informed him that on one occasion when he was in a room alone with Dorsey the latter remarked, "See how I do business," whereupon he placed $5,000 or $6,000 in an envelope and laid it on a table. Presently Brady came in, put the envelope in his pocket and went away. On the last Wednesday of June James, with Attorneys Cook and Woodward, called on the president. Cook explained what had been done by Gibson and himself. The president suggested that they were too slow; that they should be more earnest in their work, and they should have the accused parties indicted and tried. Cook promised that no time should be lost. On rising to leave the room he said, "Mr. President, you know I am a criminal lawyer and that my associations are not always with angels. I hear a good deal about what is going on and I feel it my duty to say from knowledge which has come into my possession that something dreadful is about to happen. I do not know what it is, but I think I can learn during the coming week" Toward the close of August at a meeting at the house of the attorney general, at which Woodward, Cook and Gibson were present, the question of additional counsel was discussed. The attorney general said he had concluded to retain Hon. Benjamin H. Brewster and that he would employ any other person whom James would suggest. James asked that Hon. George Bliss, ex-United States attorney for the southern district of New York, be retained. This was done.

In conclusion witness said, "I gladly avail myself of this opportunity of presenting the essential facts of my connection with the star route proceedings, in justice to myself and still more to the memory of President Garfield. His conduct throughout was honorable and courageous in a high degree. If he had taken a lower view of his official obligations it is my firm belief that he would not have fallen a victim to the assassin's bullet. I don't say the assassination was a consequence of the star route matters, but I believe from the clamor of the people and clippings found in the assassin's pocket that Guiteau's head was turned by these things."

Ex-Attorney General MacVeagh testified at length concerning star route frauds, corroborating the testimony of James in the main features. MacVeagh will continue his testimony to-morrow.

Bourbonism in the South.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—An important committee of the National Union League met in secret session at the Ebbitt house to-day. It is understood the subject bourbonism and alleged misrule at the south was considered and measures concocted to aid in suppressing lawlessness in that part of the country. The committee will submit a report to the national council which meets in annual session in this city to-morrow.

The Government's Surplus.

WASHINGTON, March 5. Secretary Folger in replying to a house resolution as to how much money now in the treasury can be applied in liquidation of the public debt without embarrassing the department says that after making all deductions for special funds, etc., and providing for the reserve fund there remains as a final result $7,531,250, which may be applied to any government purposes.

Washington Notes.

Snow is four inches deep.

Hon. Kenneth Raynor, solicitor of the treasury, is dead.

The name of John W. Mason, of West Virginia, is mentioned as the probable successor of John C. New as assistant secretary of the treasury.

The entire clerical force of the census bureau, 105 in number, have been suspended from the 10th inst., owing to the exhaustion of the appropriation for the maintenance of the bureau. The superintendent, chief clerk and one clerk are not included in the order, as a sufficient sum remains to pay their salaries a fortnight longer, when it is hoped a deficiency appropriation bill will be passed.

The Independent Movement.

NEW YORK, March 5.—A committee appointed by the conference of independent republicans has issued a circular stating that the committee had decided upon the selection of a larger committee for the following purposes: First, that members of this committee in the various states may take steps by calling meetings and otherwise to arouse republican voters to throw off boss rule and send representative men to the national convention; second, to establish communication between republicans throughout the country in order that they may unite upon the best men to be put forward as candidates to the national convention.

An Arthur Delegation.

NEW ORLEANS, March 5. The republican state convention met to-day. It is believed Louisiana will send a solid Arthur delegation to Chicago.

CITY COUNCIL.

A Special Meeting on the Question of Appropriations.

An Inclination Manifested to Curtail Expenses.

Appropriations as Made for the Coming Year.

A special meeting of the city council was held yesterday afternoon. Mayor Humphreys occupied the chair for the first time since his sickness. There were present Aldermen Ralstin, Brown, Anderson, Durkee, Bent, Jones, Hemenway and Roby. The reading of the minutes of the last meeting was dispensed with.

On motion of Alderman Brown the matter of appropriations for the coming year was first to be considered in order of business. He read an ordinance which he suggested should be taken up by sections and finally adopted as a whole.

The first section introduced was that the salary of the mayor be placed at $500, and an amendment was offered by Alderman Jones that the salary be $300. The amendment was carried by a vote of six to two, and the mayor's salary will in the future be $300 per annum.

Alderman Roby moved that the salary of aldermen be placed at $100, for the year. Alderman Jones suggested that a specified amount be named for attendance at each meeting. The amount was, however, placed at $100 in accordance with the original motion by Alderman Roby.

On motion the salaries of city clerk and city attorney were made the same as heretofore, the former receiving $1,020 and the latter $300 per annum.

It was moved by Alderman Brown that the salary of the city treasurer be increased from $200 to $500. He considered the bonds ($50,000) required to be furnished rather large compared with the salary paid. Mr. Roby admitted that the bond was large, but held that the amount had been increased in consequence of a rivalry as to where the city's money should be deposited.

An amendment to the effect that the salary be $300, was offered, but not seconded.

Mr. Jones gave as his opinion that the salaries of city officers ought to be increased providing it could be done without burdening the city tax payers.

The original motion was withdrawn and salary of the treasurer was left at $200.

No change was made as to the salary paid the water superintendent, and it will remain at $900.

When it came to the salary of city marshal it was moved that the amount be $800 instead of $975, as heretofore.

Alderman Roby favored the change, on the ground that the marshal received considerable money from impounding stock and from other sources, and a reduction in his salary might stimulate him to perform his duties more carefully.

Alderman Jones thought that by close attention to business the marshal could double his salary every year in the collection of penalties.

The motion as originally offered was adopted, and the marshal's salary in the future will be $800.

After a short discussion the special police fund was placed at $1,800 and the contingent fund at $300. The first appropriation is the same as last year, and the latter is reduced from five hundred dollars.

When it came to the fire department Alderman Brown moved that the amount for general purposes be placed at $1,000.

Alderman Anderson offered an amendment to the effect that it be $700, which was not seconded and the appropriation was placed at $1,000 in accordance with the original motion.

Mr. Durkee moved that the salary of the chief engineer of the fire department be $100 instead of $300. The motion prevailed.

A motion was made by Mr. Brown that $1,000 be appropriated for public grounds, but an amendment was offered and adopted placing the amount at $600.

The appropriations for interest on bonds, sinking fund and city hall bonds remain about the same as last year, and the building fund is reduced from $1,800 to $600.

A motion was made by Mr. Bent that the street commissioner's salary be $1,200 instead of $900, as the city was daily increasing in size and the man holding that position had considerable hard work to do.

Seven thousand dollars was appropriated for streets, alleys, bridges and ditches, but under this head no provision was made for a city engineer's salary.

Under this head Alderman Brown urged the importance of appropriating separately the sum of $1,000 for the sprinkling of streets. He argued that if it was placed in the general fund it would be used for something else.

Both Alderman Roby and Jones opposed this motion, but after considerable discussion consented that the sum of $1,000 be appropriated for the purchase of teams and wagons to be used under the direction of the street commissioner. This motion was adopted.

Otherwise there was no material change in the appropriations. The ordinance adopted as a whole provides that the various appropriations from the revenues of the city to defray the necessary expense and liabilities thereof during the year 1884 shall be made under the following respective heads of departments, viz: 1st, general salaries; 2d, police; 3d, fire department; 4th, public grounds; 5th, water works, 6th, interest on city hall bonds; 7th, building fund; 8th, streets, alleys, bridges and ditches; 9th, extension of water mains; 10th, printing and stationery; 11th, street sprinkling; 12th, miscellaneous; and that the following amounts under the several heads of departments respectively are hereby appropriated out of the revenues that shall accrue to the city of Colorado Springs during the fiscal year A. D. 1884, viz:

1ST, GENERAL SALARIES.	
Mayor	$ 300 00
Aldermen, for attendance at regular meetings	800 00
City clerk	1020 00
City attorney	300 00
City treasurer	200 00
Water superintendent	900 00
2D, POLICE FUND.	
City marshal	800 00
Special police	1800 00
Contingent	300 00
3D, FIRE DEPARTMENT.	
General use	1000 00
Fire chief	100 00
4TH, PUBLIC GROUNDS.	
General use	600 00
5TH, WATER WORKS.	
Interest on bonds	6650 00
Sinking fund	4000 00
6th, interest on city hall bonds	600 00
7th, building fund	600 00
8TH, STREETS, ALLEYS, BRIDGES AND DITCHES.	
Street commissioner's salary	900 00
Streets, alleys, bridges and ditches	7000 00
Repairs of main ditch and providing supply of more water for irrigation	3400 00
9th, extension of water mains	8000 00
10th, printing and stationery	200 00
11TH, STREET SPRINKLING.	
To provide for the purchase of teams and wagons to be used under supervision of the street commissioner	1000 00
12TH, MISCELLANEOUS.	
Elections	200 00
Collection of revenues	3000 00
Gas for street lamps	1000 00
Interest on warrants for 1883	600 00
Fuel and lights	400 00
Contingent	500 00

Union Pacific Annual Meeting.

BOSTON, March 5. The stockholders of the Union Pacific railroad held their annual meeting to-day. The old board of directors were re-elected except August Schell and Soloh Humphreys, who were succeeded by Hugh Riddle of Chicago and James A. Rumrill of Springfield.

The annual report shows the gross earnings were $21,000,000, a decrease of $1,626,000 compared with last year. Income from other sources $2,660,000. Operating expenses $10,648,000; total surplus earnings $12,714,683; total payments $11,452,809, showing a surplus for the year of $1,261,873. Funded debt balance outstanding $74,506,332. The business done in the year exceeded that of '82. The diminished earnings were caused by reduction of rates and increased competition. The results of the year indicate rapid progress in the settlement of the country and development of the mining and industrial interests. Sales of the company's lands for the year were $230,840 in excess of the previous year. The relations of the company with the United States were not changed during the year. The principal matter of dispute existing is in relation to the amount due the company for carrying mails. The report was signed by Sidney Dillon, president. The operation of the road in the coming year, it is reported, will be divided into four departments, Ames to have charge of one, Clark another. The heads of the other two are not named. Old officers were re elected. A quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent was declared.

Cattle Plague in Kansas.

EMPORIA, Kas, March 5. A large number of prominent cattle dealers held a public meeting this evening to take steps for the suppression of the cattle plague, known as the foot and mouth disease, which exists in a malignant form at Neosho Falls. Several large cattle owners who returned from Neosho Falls yesterday report a bad state existing. Resolutions were adopted urging citizens of the affected districts to use all means in their power to stamp out the disease. It is believed this can be done.

Since the publication of the telegram from Lieutenant Governor Penny stating the cattle in the vicinity of Neosho Falls were affected with the foot and mouth disease, the information has been the chief theme of conversation among cattle men. Hon. Wm. Martindale, L. Surry, Sheriff Wilhite and Wm. D. Bird, who went to Neosho Falls to make an examination, have returned and reported that they visited three herds, viz: those of A. C. Goodrich, and D. A. Keith of Coffey county and John Bird of Woodson county. Of these herds about 68 cattle are more or less affected by the disease. Some of the cattle have their hoofs off and the legs of some have rotted off as far up as the second joint. The disease is said to resemble and be communicated exactly like small-pox. In fact there is no contagion among horned cattle so easily spread.

The Railroad Question in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5. The governor issued a proclamation to-day calling an extra session of the legislature on the 24th inst. The governor in the call recommends the abolition of the present railroad commission; that laws be enacted for the assessment and collection of income taxes from all railroad corporations doing business in the state; that their property be sold if not paid; that the constitution be amended by the maximum rate of charge for transportation of freight and passengers on all railroad lines in the state.

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JOB WORK.

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All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

Mr. George E. Macklin is authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

R. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

The Tabor boomlet was launched on February 22d. It should not have been forgotten so soon.

Matthew Arnold while in Cleveland was entertained by Senator-elect Payne. Buckwheat cakes were served. Neither Matthew Arnold or his wife took any. When the second plate arrived, Matthew Arnold took one, and seemed to like it. With a countenance beaming with sweetness and light, he said, "Take one, my dear. They are not half as nasty as they look."

Kate Field says that when she goes to Massachusetts, "the land of the Pilgrim fathers, the home of Garrison, Wendell Phillips, Whittier, Lucy Stone and Julia Ward Howe," she finds that the women, the most enlightened in this country, are praying in vain to have a voice in the making of the laws. When she goes to Utah, "where education is at its lowest and culture is almost unknown," she finds women enjoying suffrage.—[Exchange.

If one were to use a woman's logic, the inference from the above would not be in favor of woman's suffrage. It intimates that education must be at its lowest and culture unknown for a community to grant the right to vote to women. There is a splendid chance in Utah to show what woman suffrage can do for society.

The civil service reformers are sneered at sometimes and looked down upon by some republican leaders as interlopers. But the fact is they are better republicans for demanding administrative purity than the alleged stalwarts. At every national convention, the party has made its declarations on this question clear and strong. Either the party lied and did not mean what it said, or else it expressed the conviction of the republican masses. If the former is correct, the machine is right. If the latter, the reformers are the truest republicans. Here are some of the declarations:

In 1868 when Grant was first nominated:

"The government of the United States should be administered with strict economy; and the corruptions that have been so shamefully nursed and fostered call loudly for radical reform."

In 1872, when Grant was renominated:

"We favor a reform of the system by laws which shall abolish the evils of patronage and make honesty, efficiency and fidelity the essential qualifications for public position."

In 1876, when Blaine and Conkling were candidates, this was the doctrine:

"We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning public affairs, and will hold all public officers to rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trust shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing."

This is republican doctrine, and some leaders are talking of reading some republican leaders out of the party for insisting on it.

It is the opinion of bankers that the country will absorb the outstanding silver certificates, but it is quite clear that the further extension of the basis of that kind of currency is not only unnecessary but actually dangerous.—[New York Times.

The above cry of alarm will frighten no one, because it has been uttered periodically since 1878. The people are used to it. It was said in 1878 by the Times that the silver bill would make us monometallic and that the gold would all go out of the country. But instead we have kept our product amounting to over $200,000,000, and besides have drawn about $200,000,000 from Europe. The prediction was absurd, and yet the Times is unabashed. It urged in 1879 and 1880 that the further continuance of the coinage of silver should cease, because it would soon demoralize our currency and send gold out of the country. As a result we imported $77,000,000 of gold in 1880 and $97,000,000 in 1881. It has kept this talk up ever since. Every report of the secretary of the treasury since 1879 has urged the cessation of the coinage, predicting dire disaster if coinage was continued. But nothing has happened. The old reasons seemed worn out in 1882 and so in his December report, Secretary Folger gave as a reason for stopping the coinage of silver, that the vaults could not contain more. This reason was received with amusing solemnity by the Times, though it would occur to a banker, that the fact that his vault was too small was not a reason for not carrying more specie, but rather a reason for building a larger vault. Had the eastern papers treated this question with common honesty or sense, they might have some influence now. But while prolific in prediction, they have yet to make a true one. The result will be that no one will listen to their cries and the coinage of silver will continue.

In a country with a healthy currency gold goes out only because it is not needed; and when it is needed it is sure to be brought back. But in the present situation of the money of this country the outflow of gold becomes a subject, if not of alarm, at least of anxiety. In our present position the chances are that the gold which now goes out will never come back. It simply is being pushed out of the way by the silver dollar; and, unless we cease to coin the silver, the gold is permanently gone.—[Boston Advertiser.

It is curious that most eastern papers lose their heads when they touch the silver question. Even the Advertiser is not always just in discussing this question. The statement in the first part of the paragraph is essentially true and has been our experience, but the latter part has no basis in reason or fact. At present, we have more gold than we need and other countries, particularly England, wish it. Hence it goes out. The bank of England has raised the rate of discount and this not only retained the gold at the time in the vaults, but has increased the supply. As a matter of fact the coinage of silver has no relation whatever to the export of gold. The Advertiser does not attempt to show that it has. It is simply a chronic custom to lay all financial ills to the coinage of silver. It is only a coincidence of facts, and no relation between cause and effect. But using logic like this, it is easier to show that the coinage of silver brings gold into the country and the cessation of coinage of silver drives it out. The six years before the passage of the silver bill, we exported gold to Europe annually. The total amount for the six years was $166,000,000. In 1878 the silver bill became a law and the tide turned. We began to import gold and have imported annually since, though the amount has been small since 1881. The total amount imported from 1878 to 1883 inclusive is $186,750,000. According to Advertiser logic therefore the coinage of silver has increased our gold supply and without coinage we should decrease our supply of gold. But this is not true and we do not care to use such logic. As a matter of fact silver has had little to do with this inward or outward flow of gold. It has been due to the state of our foreign trade and also to the fact, whether foreign capitalists were buying our securities or selling them back to us. The rates of exchange and bank discount have also had their influence. Not long ago the Advertiser published a pretentious letter on the silver question which was supposed to impart information and to be in sympathy with the paper. But it was full of misinformation. Even a statement to the effect that we now have free coinage of silver, and in case of re-coinage at a new ratio between gold and silver, the government would lose the difference between the bullion value of the silver and its coin value went unchallenged. Surely the editors knew better. Every monthly statement shows the government profit on coinage. The last one showed the profit to be about $25,000,000 to date. It is not creditable to the intelligence of eastern readers that such misinformation can pass unchallenged. The silver question is an economic one and should be dealt with without passion and with a rigid adherence to facts. But eastern papers are more partisan on this question than on any other and have more frequent recourse to perversion of facts and illogical deductions. This does not convince, and is not profitable. The constant predictions of the last six years in regard to silver by eastern papers have all been proven unfounded and it is time to talk common sense.

PERSONAL.

The Massachusetts house has passed a bill furnishing free school books to all pupils of the public schools.

Mrs. Margaret Lindo in MacVeagh, the mother of ex-Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh, died last week at the age of 92.

The Great Eastern is to be brought to Antwerp during the international exhibition there in 1885 and used as a floating hotel.

A lady of sixty years, residing in Rochester, N. Y., recently skated from that city to Brockport, a distance of twenty miles, in one hour and twenty-five minutes.

Senator Morrill, of Vermont, is the oldest member of the upper house, he having just passed his 74th birthday. Mr. Kenna, of West Virginia, who is but 34, is the youngest.

The citizens of Uniontown, Pa., have petitioned the postmaster general to appoint Mrs. Lizzie Nutt, the mother of the boy who killed Dukes, postmistress of the place.

Ex-Governor Cushman K. Davis, of Minnesota, has compiled a legal concordance of Shakespeare's plays expressly to show that Shakespeare had a legal education, and that, therefore, Bacon could not have written the plays.

Victor Hugo is said to have excused his appearance at the French academy on the occasion of Pailleron's reception in plain evening dress on the ground that his suit of uniform was worn out and that at his time of life it would be foolish to order another.

Andrew J. Carnegie, head of the great Pittsburg Iron company, is about to build a granite mansion on Cumberland island, near Fernandina, Fla. The island is famous as the burial place of "Light Horse" Harry Lee, and, with wild deer roaming through its forests, it surpasses any private park in England.

Birds That Do Not Fly.

Longman's Magazine.

The most apparently distinctive feature of birds lies in the fact that they fly. It is this that gives them their feathers, their wings, and their peculiar bony structure. And yet, truism as such a statement sounds, there are a great many birds that do not fly—and it is among these terrestrial or swimming kinds that we must look for the nearest modern approaches to the primitive bird type. From the very beginning, birds had to endure the fierce competition of the mammals, which had been developed at a slightly earlier period; and they have for the most part taken entirely to the air, where alone they possess a distinct superiority over their mammalian compeers. There are certain spots, however, where mammals have been unable to penetrate, as in oceanic islands; and there are certain other spots which were insulated for a long period from the great continents, so that they possessed none of the higher classes of mammals, as in the case of Australia, South America, New Zealand, and South Africa. In these districts terrestrial birds had a chance which they had not in the great circumpolar land tract, now divided into two portions, North America on the west, and Asia and Europe on the east. It is in Australia and the southern extremities of America and Africa, therefore, that we must look for the most antiquated forms of birds still surviving in the world at the present day. The descendant and now almost extinct order of struthious birds, to which ostriches and cassowaries belong, supplies us with the best examples of such antique forms. These birds are all distinguished from every other known species, except the transitional Solenhofen creature and a few other old types, by the fact that they have no keel to the flat breast bone, a peculiarity which at once marks them out as not adapted for flight. Every one whose anatomical studies have been carried on as far as the carving of a chicken or a pheasant for dinner knows that the two halves of the breast are divided by a sharp keel or edge protruding from the breast bone, but in the ostrich and their allies such a keel is wanting and the breast bone is rounded and blunt. At one time these flat chested birds were widely distributed over the whole world, for they are found in fossil forms from China to Peru, but as the mammalian race increased and multiplied and replenished the earth, only the best adapted keeled birds were able to hold their own against these four-legged competitors in the great continents. Thus the gigantic ostriches of the Isle of Sheppey—and the great divers of the western states died slowly out leaving all their modern kindred to inhabit the less progressive southern hemisphere alone. Even there, the monstrous epyornis, a huge stalking wingless bird, disappeared from Madagascar in the tertiary age, while the great moa of New Zealand, after living down to almost historical times, fell a victim at last to that very aggressive and hungry mammal, the Maori himself. This almost reduces the existing struthious types to three small and scattered colonies, in Australia, South Africa, and South America respectively, though there are still probably a few ostriches left in some remote parts of the Asiatic continent.

The Most Heroic Figure.

New York Times.

Gordon is without doubt the most heroic figure of the day, and his marvelous ride to Khartoum will live in history with the expedition to Marsala. Wide as is the difference between the campaign of the thousand and the journey of a solitary, unarmed man, the sublime heroism with which Garibaldi hurled his little band against the Neapolitan kingdom was closely akin to that with which Gordon rode alone to meet a foe that had exterminated armies. Between Assouan and Khartoum the road swarmed with rebels filled with hatred of Egyptians and English rule and maddened with Mohammedan fanaticism, but Gordon did not hesitate to make his way through them. His confidence that he bears a charmed life so long as Providence has work for him to do was justified by the result. He reached Khartoum, where his authority is as absolute and unquestioned as it could be were he at the head of an English army corps. The secret of Gordon's faith is his religious faith. The source of his power is the conviction among the people that he is as just as he is fearless.

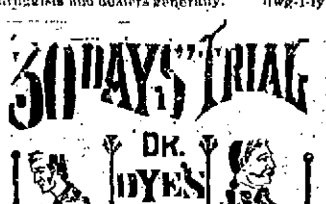
It must be confessed that the course pursued by Gordon since he reached Khartoum will suggest the suspicion that he may have passed the narrow line, which, in some cases, divides religious exaltation from lunacy. He has publicly burned the whips of the Egyptian rulers, and the book in which the debts due from the wretched inhabitants to the Egyptian treasury were recorded. This was a humane and just measure, and the spectacular way in which Gordon carried it out was well adapted to impress an oriental community. To this act, however, were added a general jail delivery and the burning of the jail. Without doubt horrible acts of oppression had been perpetrated in the Khartoum jail, and without doubt many of the prisoners whom Gordon found in the jail were innocent. At the same time how can a sane man imagine that a town like Khartoum, inhabited, according to all Europeans who have visited it, by the worst ruffians that the slave trade has produced, be kept in order without a jail? A community of Quakers might perhaps be governed for a brief period by the law of love, and without magistrates or penal code, but Gordon is apparently trying a like experiment in a town compared with which Leadville or Deadwood is a quiet Christian village.

A Case of Mistaken Identity.

Salt Lake Tribune.

A few days ago an elderly gentleman, with a dry, fatherly and kind look about him, was sauntering along Brigham street enjoying the bracing air and the scenery around him. As he approached the Bee Hive house, Brigham Young's old residence, an elderly lady with a loose wrapper on, and hair disheveled, ran out and grabbing the old and venerable-looking gentleman by the arm, ejaculated: "O Brother Taylor, how glad I am to see you! How well you are looking!" The white-haired old gentleman thanked her for the compliment, and said yes, he was feeling very well indeed. The good sister continued: "It's been nearly three years, Brother Taylor, since I was this close to you, and it makes me feel so happy that you are here to lead us to salvation and glory." The reverential looking individual paused a moment, and, looking wistfully into those submissive eyes, said: "And do you think I'm a good Mormon, sister?" "Think, Brother Taylor?" responded the woman, looking wistfully into the gentleman's face. "Why, I know that you are the best Mormon that ever lived, and I love you more—". Here the venerable-looking individual saw the predicament in which he was being placed, and not desiring to carry the joke too far, stammered out: "Why, I'm not John Taylor; I'm not a Mormon; I'm a Gentile, and I'm chairman of the Utah commission, and my name is Alexander Ramsey." The woman nearly fainted, and as the commissioner assisted her into the house she was heard to remark: "Well, you're a fine-looking man, anyhow."

The want of a reliable diuretic which while acting as a stimulant of the kidneys, neither excites nor irritates them, was long since supplied by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This fine medicine exerts the requisite degree of stimulation upon these organs, without producing irritation, and is therefore far better adapted for the purpose than unmedicated excitants often resorted to. Dyspepsia, fever and ague, and kindred diseases, are all cured by it. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. dwg-1-ly



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Council Bluffs

—AND—

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3-room cottage, Kiowa st	18.00
House of 6 rooms, N Weber st	40.00
House of 8 rooms, Boulder st	45.00
5-room cottage, Kiowa st	28.00
House of 9 rooms, N Nevada	50.00
House of 7 rooms, Tejon st	25.00
House of 7 rooms, Nevada ave	40.00
House of 6 rooms, Vermijo ave	35.00
House of 4 rooms, Tejon st	25.00
House of 4 rooms, Wahsatch ave	15.00

Unfurnished Houses.

Residence of 9 rooms, Cascade ave	
House of 7 rooms, N Nevada ave	$35.00
House of 5 rooms, Pike's Peak ave	11.00
House of 5 rooms, Cucharas st	10.00
2-room house, Nevada ave	4.00
4-room house, Cascade ave	15.00
House of 8 rooms, Nevada ave	30.00
House of 4 rooms, Nevada ave	15.00

An Entirely New List of Property For Sale will be Advertised in this Column Each Week. List for the Week Ending March 8th, 1884, is as follows:

FOR SALE.

6070	CATTLE RANCH—With both a summer range on the plains and a winter range in the mountains; would cut about 200 tons of hay	$7,000
6147	SHEEP RANCH—Well watered range, 5 miles long by 5 wide; house of 5 rooms, well finished; price reasonable.	
6148	SHEEP RANCH—An immense range, with plenty of running water, good corrals, shedding, etc.; cuts from 75 to 150 tons of hay.	
5577	GOOD INVESTMENT—One of the most desirable corners in the city, with commodious residence	5,000
6010	WEBER ST—Choice location; 6-room house, parlor, large sitting room, two bed rooms, dining room and kitchen, nicely furnished	3,500
5512	NEVADA AVE—Fine corner, with southern exposure, small building	350
6133	NEVADA AVE—One of the neatest places on the avenue at a bargain.	
5376	BUY AND SAVE RENT—Nice house in best of locations for sale on monthly payments; a great bargain	1,700
5861	BUSINESS PROPERTY Two brick stores	4,500

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call.

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Furnished house of 7 rooms, very centrally located on Pike's Peak ave.; per mo; $40.

A fine residence in the North End, minutely furnished.

A furnished house of 12 rooms on North Cascade, per mo., $45.

A furnished house of 8 rooms in one of the best neighborhoods in town, per mo., $30.

The Mellen house on Cascade avenue, 13 rooms, large grounds, stable etc., will rent either furnished or unfurnished at a reasonable rental.

Two houses of 8 rooms each on Boulder St. per mo., each $40.

Furnished house of 6 rooms near town, with 6 acres of highly cultivated land: per mo., $40.

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Several rooms in a desirable location for business, on Tejon street.

Front office in Strettell block, on Pike's Peak.

Three large rooms on the second floor of a building on Tejon street, very central.

A large room on second floor of a building on Huerfano street.

Four rooms in the Thurlow building on Pike's Peak avenue.

Three rooms on the first and three on the second floor of the building known as the New England Kitchen, on Tejon street.

RANCHES.

A large well built house, stable and 320 acres of land on yearly rental.

A ranch of 320 acres near town with good improvement, cuts 25 tons of hay.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

The Wood house of 8 rooms, facing west, opposite the College Reservation; per mo., $30.

House of 6 rooms on corner lot, on N Nevada; per mo., $20.

House of 6 rooms on 100 foot corner on North Weber, per mo., $15.

House of 3 rooms on Cimarron: per mo., $8

House of 5 rooms near Weber at a reasonable rental.

House of 6 rooms, bath room, etc., on St. Vrain street; per mo., $30

House of 6 rooms in good order, on Wahsatch avenue, near Pike's Peak; per mo., $14.

House of 3 rooms in a very central location on Cascade avenue, per mo., $12.

House of 8 rooms on full lot on Wahsatch with stable and all conveniences, per mo., $18.

House of 7 rooms on large lot on Wahsatch avenue just north of Pike's Peak, per mo., $30.

Central house on Kiowa street, per mo., $10.

Grout house of 7 rooms on Weber just north of Kiowa, per mo., $25.

House of 6 rooms with stable in fine location on Weber street, per mo., $25.

House of 3 rooms on Moreno ave; per mo., $5.

House of 3 rooms on N Nevada, per mo., $10.

House of 7 rooms on corner lot, on S Tejon; per mo., $20.

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All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

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The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1884.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Money unchanged, 1½ to 2; prime paper 4 to 5½. sterling exchange steady 4.87½ demand 4.87½; governments firm; railways irregular; states quiet. The net result of the day's trading was that out of 25 stocks most actively traded in, 16 lower than last night, though only two or three show a decline as great as one per cent. Just before the close there was a rally of ¼ to ¾ per cent, Union Pacific Oregon Transportation and Lackawanna being the most prominent in the rally. The market closed firm. Transactions 237,000.

No improvement in the mining market; trading light and changes in prices of little importance. Sales in the morning included Horn Silver 7.38; Eastern Oregon 8; Robinson 38; Consolidated Virginia 3; Gold Stripe 10; Hall Anderson 1.15; Northern Belle 4 to 5, Sonora 6, and Rappahannock 17. Some odd lots of Bassick sold at 8.75; Homestake 9.50; Ontario Silver 28.- There was little activity in the afternoon, and Iron Silver weak, declined to 1.85. Decatur sold at 2; Consolidated Virginia 21; Gold Stripe 12; Central Arizona 30; Sierra Grande 80; Eastern Oregon 9 and 7; Hall Anderson 1.15 to 1.20; Stormont 11 to 13; Standard 6 75.

do	101	do	129¾
Adams Express	139	American Express	95
C. B. & Q.	124¾	Erie	24⅝
D. & R. G	16⅝	Preferred	68¾
C. P	81	N Y C	117¾
Missouri Pacific	91¾	U P	81⅝
Northwestern	110¾	Wells Fargo	110
Preferred	144	Quicksilver	5
Texas Pacific	19⅝	Preferred	25
U. S Express	57	Homestake	8¼
W. U. T.	74¾	Intro	16
Ontario	29	Northern Pacific	31
Iron Silver	175	Preferred	46¾

Doings of Dynamiters in Europe.

PARIS, March 5. A dispatch to the morning News from Havre says: "There are 30 Irish-American Fenians here. A dynamite factory between Amiens and Boulogne is strictly watched. It is stated the alleged informer, McDermott, who is in Paris, has offered to give valuable information to the English police. He will do so at the risk of his life, as the Clan Na Gael declare they will assassinate him. A special agent from Dublin is aiding Inspector Moser.

VIENNA, March 5.—Police here discovered that the anarchists possessed a large quantity of dynamite, made a raid and discovered three laboratories fitted up for making explosives with large quantities of dynamite. The police are convinced other laboratories exist.

LONDON, March 5.—A box containing a galvanic battery and a bottle filled with a dark fluid had been found in a railway station at Weston-super-Mare, a watering place in Somset, Bristol channel. The box was ornamented with skulls and cross bones.

BALTIMORE, March 5 —A Sun special from Rome says: The German, Austrian, Spanish, French and other ambassadors are receiving instructions to confer with the Italian minister of foreign affairs regarding European cooperation with a view to demanding of the Washington government to initiate legislation against avowed dynamite emissaries.

The War in Egypt.

SUAKIM, March 5.—Reports have reached here that Bedouins of Jeddah are in revolt against Turkey. It is expected a state of siege will be declared.

CAIRO, March 5. General Graham has arrived at Suakim. Troops are embarking at Trinkitat for Suakim. The cavalry before leaving Tokar discovered Osman Digma was stationed ten miles from Suakim.

LONDON, March 5. General Graham is making preparations at Suakim to advance upon Tamimeh. The sheiks of several tribes have sent envoys offering to desert Osman Digma and assist the English if they are paid for their services.

Southern Pacific Washouts

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—A Chronicle Los Angeles special says: Several miles of of the Southern Pacific have washed out in the Colorado desert near Mammoth Tanks. The east bound passenger train which left Los Angeles yesterday is reported ditched at that station and isolated by extensive washouts on both sides.

Fatal Boiler Explosion

STRAYNER, Ontario, March 5.—The boiler of W. Reynolds & Company's flour mill exploded this afternoon, wrecking the boiler house and badly shattering the mill. John Reynolds, one of the proprietors, was killed; Wm. Renton, fireman, terribly scalded, cannot recover; Joseph Knox, miller, badly injured.

Gordon in Danger.

CAIRO, March 5. Gordon's report of the submission of sheiks is distrusted at Cairo. It is said he is the dupe of the sheiks, who take bribes and delude him with false news. It is reported Sheik Ibrahim is on the White Nile with 9,000 Arabs and Sheik Buskeer is advancing on Khartoum by the Blue Nile with 8,000.

Railroad Wreck.

LITTLE ROCK, March 5.—A Gazette, Newport, Ark., special says: This morning a mile south of the White river a railroad work train on the Iron Mountain railroad was wrecked, killing John Tirom and Thomas White; injuring Paul Weisenfurth, Peter Harrison and William Durham.

The Fatal Crossing.

SIOUX CITY, March 5 —A snow plow on the St. Paul road struck a sled containing a farmer named Sisk, his son aged 19, a married daughter and two small children at Sibley today. The son was instantly killed, the father fatally injured, and the others slightly injured.

A Murderer's Suicide.

CLEVELAND, March 5.—William McMillan, living near Huron, who went home last night and abused his wife and killed George Thompson for interfering, this morning was found dead in his cell. The coroner's verdict was that he committed suicide by taking rat poison.

Canadian Pacific Loan.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 5.—The Canadian Pacific railway loan bill passed its third reading in the senate this afternoon. Shortly afterwards Ritchie, deputy governor general, entered the senate and in the name of the queen assented to the passage of the bill.

Irish Emigration.

LONDON, March 5.—The Irish Migration company, with a capital of £250,000 has been formed. Parnell is chairman, and Sir Baldwyn Lighton, Jacob Bright and Edmund Dwyer Gray, members of parliament, among the directors.

Struck Oil.

CHICAGO, March 5.—A Daily News Vinton, Ia., special says: Workmen who have been boring here for petroleum for the past month struck oil to-day in paying quantities. It causes much excitement.

London police surveillance has been extended to Hamburg, Antwerp, Brest and Bordeaux. Inspection has been authorized of the dynamite works in France.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The republican state convention of Iowa meets April 30th.

Nine buildings burned at Odessa, Mo., last night. Loss unknown.

Indications for Colorado Colder; partly cloudy weather; local snow.

The house of commons rejected the Parnell bill amending the Irish land act by a vote of 335 to 73.

The Boston produce exchange protests against the continuance of the coinage of silver dollars.

The Bonanza King Consolidated Mining company has declared a dividend of 25 cents payable the 15th.

Washington county, New York, republicans carried sixteen of the seventeen towns and gain four supervisors.

The senate railroad supervising bill passed the Mississippi house, 81 to 41. It provides for the appointment of three commissioners by the governor.

Edwards, the champion Australian pedestrian, accepted yesterday the challenge of Vaughan, the English champion, for a six-day match and put up a forfeit of $250.

Two members of the firm of Parker & Co., solicitors, Bedford row, London, have absconded, having misappropriated clients' title deeds. Liabilities are between £1,000,000 and £2,000,000. They had borrowed £500,000 for various speculations.

It is learned a private meeting of the executive committee of the Western Export association, controlling all distilleries in the west, was held at Chicago yesterday, at which it is understood a decision was reached to reduce production of whisky ten per cent below the present basis after May 1st.

The Vintage Near Mount Etna

Temple Bar.

The sun lies fair and full on the golden leaves, splashed with ruby-red and bolder bronze. Thick clusters of purple grapes hang round the central stem and from the leading branches in heavy bunches, which would weigh down the tender shoots were they not strengthened and protected. The dusty bloom of some is still untouched; but where ripeness has advanced so far as to make the grapes almost raisins that exquisite virgin purity has gone. These dried and fully ripened grapes are pearls of price in the vintage, and help in the perfection of the exquisite wine made on the estate. Gangs of men, women and children gather the grapes with the deftness of long practice and inherited capacity. Each gang is under the direction of a "campiere," and the "massero" is over all. On a stage dominating the whole scene stands an armed campiere; and armed guards patrol the place by night. When the gangs walk to and fro from the vineyard to the treading-vats, they are preceded by bagpipes, to the sound of which they march in time, and sometimes break out into a dancing step as they go. They get up an impromptu dance in the yard, while the foremost of the file, whose baskets are already empty, are waiting for the last, who have yet to cast theirs into the mass. On Sunday, after service, while they are all assembled in the castle court, they produce a tambourine to aid the bagpipes of the gatherers and the concertina of the treaders, and dance under the sunlight, backed by the trees and the mountains, as if they were the figures in some old picture suddenly animated to life. The men do their steps with praiseworthy precision and agility—alles de pigeon, double shuffle, cuts, pirouettes, and all the rest of it; while the women, if less demonstrative, are more graceful and more suggestive. When we meet them filing to and fro in the narrow vineyard paths, the bright-eyed boys pull off their caps and the bright-eyed girls put their hands together in an attitude of supplication as they say, "'Cenza benedic," which means in full, "Excellenza benedica!" "Benedicite," replies the duchino, the sovereign and lord of this little kingdom, or rather the viceroy, the duca proper being his father.

JUST READY.

Appleton's Illustrated Guide to Mexico,

INCLUDING A

Chapter on Guatemala, and a Complete English-Speaking Vocabulary.

By ALFRED B. CONKLING,

Member of the New York Academy of Science and formerly United States Geologist.

Letter from Gen. Grant.

NEW YORK CITY, Dec. 3, 1883.

Dear Sir—I have read over the advance sheets of your excellent "Guide Book to Mexico" with great pleasure. It supplies a want now for the first time being felt. Mexico, with all her resources of soil, climate, and mints, has not attracted much of the attention of people of other lands until within the last three or four years. Now, with the rapid strides she is making—and is destined to make—toward a commercial prosperity, rarely equaled by any nation in the past, travel to that country will increase many fold, and your book will give the traveler the information he wants. Information is wonderfully condensed in it, and I wonder at its completeness in so little space.

Very truly yours, U. S. GRANT.

Alfred B. Conkling, Esq.

With a Railway Map and Numerous Illustrations. 12mo., cloth, price $2.00.

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STATEMENT

OF THE

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

F. S. WINSTON, President.

For the Year Ending December 31st, 1883.

ASSETS $101,148,248 25.

ANNUITY ACCOUNT.

	No	ANN. PAY'TS		No.	ANN. PAY'TS
Annuities in force Jan. 1, 1883.	55	$19,200 91	Annuities in force Jan. 1, 1883.	61	$23,134 91
Premium Annuities		3,713 44	Premium Annuities.		3,674 96
Annuities Issued	7	4,433 40	Annuities Terminated.	1	557 48
	62	$27,346 75		62	$27,346 75

INSURANCE ACCOUNT.

	No	AMOUNT.		No	AMOUNT.
Policies in force Jan. 1, 1883	106,214	$329,554,174	Policies in force Jan. 1, 1884	110,999	$342,946,032
Risks assumed	11,531	37,810,597	Risks terminated	6,746	24,418,739
	117,745	$367,364,771		117,745	$367,364,771

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Dr.		Cr.	
To balance from last account	$92,782,095 08	By paid death claims	$ 5,095,705 00
" premium received	13,457,028 44	" " matured endowments	2,866,261 73
" interest and rents	5,043,964 45	Total claims—$7,962,966 73	
		" " annuities	27,661 38
		" " dividends	3,138,491 69
		" " surrendered policies and additions	2,831,120 71
		Total paid policy holders—$13,959,380 51	
		" " commissions (payment of current and extinguishment of future)	886,123 90
		" " premium charged off on securities purchased	405,472 22
		" " taxes and assessments	726,067 69
		" " expenses	644,722 79
		" " balance to new account	94,972,108 88
	$111,283,878 97		$111,283,878 97

BALANCE SHEET.

To reserve at 4 per cent	$ 93,571,857 00	By bonds secured by mortgages on real estate	$ 46,303,472 31
" claims by death not yet due	908,635 00	" United States and other bonds	25,350,040 00
" premiums paid in advance	22,798 35	" loans on collaterals	10,607,910 00
" agents' balances	8,479 56	" real estate	8,633,971 89
" surplus and contingent guarantee fund	4,636,462 34	" cash in banks and trust companies at interest	3,403,249 63
		" interest accrued	1,310,588 23
		" premiums deferred, quarterly and semi-annual	1,039,229 68
		" premiums in transit, principally for December	140,760 48
	$101,148,248 25		$101,148,248 25

NOTE —If the New York Standard of four and a half per cent interest be used, the surplus is over $12,000,000.

From the surplus, as appears in the Balance Sheet, a dividend will be apportioned to each participating policy which shall be in force at its anniversary in 1884

The premium rates charged for insurance in this company were reduced in 1879 about 15 per cent on ordinary life policies.

Assets $101,148,248 25.

NEW YORK, January 18, 1884.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Frederick S. Winston, Samuel E. Sprouls, Lucius Robinson, Samuel D. Babcock, Henry A. Smythe, George S Coe, John E. Develin, Seymour L. Husted, Oliver H. Palmer, Richard A McCurdy, James C. Holden, Herman C. Von Post, George C. Richardson, Alexander H. Rice, William F. Babcock, F Ratchford Starr, Frederick H. Cossitt, Lewis May, Oliver Harriman, Thomas Dickson, Henry W Smith, John H. Sherwood, George H. Andrews, Robert Olyphant, George F. Baker, Benj. B. Sherman, Jos. Thompson, Dudley Olcott, Anson Stager, Frederic Cromwell, Julien T. Davies, Robert Sewell, Wm. Bayard Cutting, S Van Rensselaer Cruger Charles K. Henderson, George Bliss.

C. H. MILLS, Agent.

W. F. ALLEN, General Agent, Omaha, Neb.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A three-spring Coats & Co.'s phaeton. Apply at the Gazette office. c-5-tf

FOR SALE. Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

Canary Birds at Shideler's Museum, just north of Robinson's drug store, Tejon st. b-15-tf

FOR SALE PIANO—An Emerson Upright, almost new; at a sacrifice for cash; rare bargain if taken at once. Mrs. E. Morgan, box 1885. b-29-4

WANTED.

WANTED A competent girl to do general housework. Inquire at this office. c-5-2*

WANTED A good cook and laundress. Inquire at Mrs. Irving Howbert's, on Weber street. c 6 tf

WANTED To rent a furnished one-story cottage, suitable for a family of three persons; best of references given. Address Lock Box 88, City. c-4-tf

WANTED A good girl to do plain cooking and general housework on a ranch within a few miles of town. Address Lock Box 82, Colorado Springs, stating where and when you can be seen. c-2-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room suitable for two persons Table boarders also accommodated. Apply at the Parlsh house, east side Weber, second door north of Kiowa. Mrs. D. Russ Wood. c-1-tf

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Coal and Iron company will be held at the principal office of the company at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the seventh day of April, 1884, at 12 o'clock noon. The transfer books of the company, for the transfer of stock, will close at 3 p. m on the first day of March next, and remain closed until three days after the adjournment of the meeting.

b-22-tf WILLIAM WAGNER, Secretary.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Giddings & Stillman is by mutual consent dissolved.

E. W. GIDDINGS, JR.
J. W. STILLMAN.

Either of the undersigned is authorized to collect the accounts of Giddings & Stillman.

E. W. GIDDINGS, JR.,
J. W. STILLMAN, or
L. A. GIDDINGS.

Colorado Springs, March 3, 1884. c-4-3

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Springs Investment and Improvement company will be held at the office of said company, in Colorado Springs, Colorado, March 5th, 1884, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. A. H. PARKHURST, Secretary.

dwb-22-td

Annual Meeting.

The next annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mexican National Railway company will be held at the principal office of the company, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 7th day of April, 1884, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may be proper. The transfer books of the company, for the transfer of stock, will close on the 15th day of March, 1884, at 3 o'clock p. m., and remain closed until three days after the final adjournment of the meeting.

By order of the board of directors,

JOHN PIATT, Secretary.

March 1, 1884. c-4 td

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mexican National Construction company to elect members of the board of directors and transact such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company at Colorado Springs, in the state of Colorado, on the first Monday of April, 1884, at twelve o'clock noon. The transfer books of the company for the transfer of stock will be closed on the 15th day of March, 1884, at twelve o'clock noon and remain closed until three days after the final adjournment of such meeting.

W. W. NEVIN, Secretary.

March 1st, 1884. c-4-td

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NEW BOOKS

THE CREATORS OF THE AGE OF STEEL: Memoirs of Sir W. Siemens, Sir H. Sir J. Whitworth, Sir J. Brown, and other inventors. By William T. Jeans. Crown 8vo, $1.75.

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MEMOIR OF THE LIFE OF LORD LYNDHURST, Three Times Lord Chancellor of England. From letters and papers in possession of his family. By Sir Theodore Martin, K. C. B. With portraits, 8vo, cloth, $6.

MEXICO OF TO-DAY: A Country with a Great Future, and a Glance at the Prehistoric Remains and Antiquities of the Montezumas. By Thomas Unett Brocklehurst. With map, 17 colored plates, and 37 wood engravings from sketches by the author. 8vo, cloth, $7.50.

The above books are for sale by all booksellers, or will be sent on receipt of advertised price. Catalogues of rare and curious second-hand books, Musical Literature, and detailed lists of our regular stock, will be sent on application, by

Scribner & Welford,

745 Broadway, New York.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas J. Thompson Owen, by his certain deed of trust, dated on the 3d day of February, A. D. 1883, and recorded in the office of the county clerk and recorder of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado, in book 61, on page 177, of the records thereof, on the 3d day of February, A. D. 1883, to secure the payment of his promissory note, bearing even date with said deed of trust and payable to the order of Robert Gale, with interest thereon from date until paid at the rate of ten per cent. per annum payable quarterly, did convey to A. A. McGovney, of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, as trustee, all the hereinafter described premises; by which deed of trust it is provided that in case of default in the payment of said note, or any part thereof, or the interest thereon, it may be lawful for the said A. A McGovney to advertise and sell the said premises as therein provided. And whereas, default has been made in the payment of a portion of the interest on said note, according to its tenor and effect, the same being now due and unpaid, now, therefore, I, A. A. McGovney, trustee as aforesaid, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said note, do hereby give public notice that I shall on Saturday, the 3d day of March, A. D 1884, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house in the county of El Paso, in the state of Colorado, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the premises in said deed of trust described, to wit: Block number two hundred and twenty (220) in addition number one to the city of Colorado Springs, county and state aforesaid, excepting and reserving therefrom a certain tract of land conveyed by party of first part to Enoch N. Bartlett, by deed dated March 8th, 1882, and recorded March 22d, 1882, in book 53, on page 59, of the records of said El Paso, county—the tract hereby reserved being about one-half acre of land—together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right title, interest and equity of redemption of the said J. Thompson Owen, his heirs or assigns therein

A. A. McGOVNEY, Trustee

Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado, February 4th, A. D. 1884. wb 9 6

DO NOT FORGET THE GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

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Aiken's Music Store & Museum

EVERYTHING MARKED DOWN.

Sheet Music Half Price; Other Musical Goods 20 Per Cent. Off.

Mounted Birds, Deer Heads, Etc., 1-2 to 1-4 Price.

Everything rearranged and marked in conspicuous figures. Call soon, as the sale will last but a short time. c-2-tf

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TO THE PUBLIC:

We beg leave to announce to the public that, having completed arrangements with Messrs Chapman & Hall, Kegan Paul, Trench & Co., and Isbister & Co., of London, publishers of the FORTNIGHTLY, NINETEENTH CENTURY, and CONTEMPORARY REVIEWS, we will, on January 1, 1884, commence the reissuing of these popular publications in America. In form they will be directly modeled after the original editions, the size of page being slightly reduced, but containing the English text line for line. The prices will be kept at low figures, notwithstanding the expense of printing in such a form—being 50 per cent. less than the English editions.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES IN ADVANCE Any one Review, $4 50; any two Reviews, $8.50; all three Reviews, $12 00; single copies, 40 cents Subscriptions will be received by any news or subscription agent in America at these figures, which include the cost of postage.

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The Gazette

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DAILY GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1884.

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 1. Leadville mail, for Pueblo, El Moro, West Cliff, Leadville and Kansas City, arrive 11.32 a. m., depart 11.37 a. m.

" 3. Leadville express, for Pueblo, Kansas City, Leadville, Frisco, Red Cliff, Silverton and New Mexico, and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 10.37 p. m. depart 10.42 p. m.

" 7. Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake, Ogden, San Francisco and all points west, daily, arrive 10.57 p. m., depart 11.00 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 2. Denver express, from Leadville, West Cliff, El Moro, Pueblo and Kansas City, arrive 3.45 p. m., depart 3.50 p. m.

" 4. Eastern express, from Red Cliff, Frisco, Leadville, Kansas City, Pueblo and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 3.50 a. m., depart 3.55 a. m.

" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Ogden, Salt Lake, Gunnison and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 5.40 p. m., depart 5.44 p. m.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Leave Manitou.
9.15 a. m.	8.30 a. m.
12:05 p. m	11:05 a. m.
5:00 p. m.	3:15 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway.

GOING SOUTH.	GOING NORTH.
No. .....6.45 p. m.	No. 2..... 9.30 a. m.

Postoffice Bulletin.

The postoffice is open daily from 7.30 a. m. to 7.30 p. m. Sundays from 12 m. to 1 p. m. and from 5.00 to 6.00 p. m. Mails arrive and depart as follows:

GOING SOUTH	DEPART.
Via D. & R. G	11.12 a. m.
Via D. & N. O..	6.00 p. m.
	6.20 p. m.
GOING NORTH	
Via D. & N. O.....	9.15 a. m.
Via D. & R. G.....	8 25 p. m.
	5.20 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE NORTH.	ARRIVE.
Via D. & R. G.....	12.00 m.
Via D. & N. O.....	10.40 p. m.
	7.00 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH.	
Via D. & N. O.....	9.45 a. m.
Via D. & R. G.....	3.60 a. m.
	3.55-6.00 "
	DEPART ARRIVE
Colorado City & Manitou....	11.25 a. m 12.00 m.
Manitou..	3.20 p. m. 3.55 p. m.

Mail for Sanview and Hatton closes Sunday at 8.00 p. m. Arrives Thursday at 6.00 p. m.

Mail for Suffolk and Sanborn closes Monday at 12 m., and arrives Saturday at 3 p. m.

C. C. Pinkney was among the arrivals at The Antlers yesterday.

There will be a leap year party at the skating rink next Wednesday night.

There will be a special communication of El Paso Lodge A. F. & A. M. to-night for work on the third degree.

Sheriff Becker of Lake county was in the city yesterday morning and left for the north on the early Denver & New Orleans train.

In Justice Fields' court yesterday Charles Stockbridge was fined $100 and costs for having liquor on his premises for an unlawful purpose.

There was a big fire in the mountains last night in almost a direct line with the peak and a little to the right of the trail. It was noticed by almost every one in town and at midnight seemed to be spreading, thus showing that it was in the timber.

We understand that the marshal has been instructed to see that the sidewalk ordinance passed a short time ago is enforced. Several property owners have repaired their sidewalks in direct violation of the ordinance. What will be the outcome is hard to tell.

The Antlers Arrivals—F J Bailey, T A Lewis, J B Rose, G A Tyler, Chicago; Peter Becker, Leadville; Wm Harrison, Colorado; W C Anderson, Jr, F E Busby, D A Zeagler, W D Dillam, Miss Etta Cutler, C C Pinkney, Denver; Miss Eva M Hunter, J E Hunter and wife, Peoria, Ill; D J Cole, New York.

Dr. W. L. Bartlett and Miss Agnes Audrews were married at the Congregational church yesterday morning by the Rev. J. B. Gregg. The ceremony was performed in the presence of a number of friends, who had knowledge of the affair. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bartlett have the congratulations of the GAZETTE.

The programme of this evening's entertainment at the M. E. church will be full of interest and we hope there will be a large attendance. Admission 10 cents. It will be as follows:

Duet..... Miss Hull and Miss Carter
Recitation..... Miss Nannie Hix
Song..... Miss Fannie Aiken
Reading..... Mrs. Corman
Song..... Mrs. Mulholland
Quartette..... Mrs. Draper, Mrs. Taylor, Miss Aiken, Mrs. Dr. Bartlett.
Song..... Mrs. Marston
Declamation..... Alexander Baker
Song..... Mrs. Dr. Bartlett
Recitation..... Miss May Gunnell
Song..... Miss Maud Walker

How very considerate is our respected contemporary on the Huerfano street alley. Thanks, kindly. The GAZETTE will in the future exercise the utmost pains to report correctly the proceedings of the city council for the benefit of the Republic. A paper that lacks the enterprise to send a representative to the council meeting and then complains because a copied report is not correct, ought to be presented with a chromo by the citizens that it pretends to represent. The GAZETTE will concede that on one or two occasions items have been taken from the Republic, but it will never run the risk of doing so again. Only yesterday morning the Republic was called to account by Sergeant Hall, of the signal service, and shown the weather report set up by an intelligent GAZETTE compositor. It was suggested by the sergeant that the GAZETTE be used as copy in the weather reports.

Coates Bros., wool commission merchants of Philadelphia, say that fine fleece is neglected and just now there is quite a large shipment of Australian arriving in Boston. Medium grades are dull with a good supply on hand. Territory wools have been sold in larger quantities at the present low prices. Texas is very quiet. The demand for low or quarter blood, wools for worsted purposes has quite cleaned up the market on this grade and we are obtaining higher figures than a month ago for both combing and clothing.

The following quotations for Colorado and New Mexican wools are given:

COLORADO.

Medium and Fine, choice.....	20to21
Medium and Fine, average.....	18to20
Common and Quarter Blood.....	19to20
Coarse Carpet	15to16

NEW MEXICAN, FALL CLIP.

Choice Improved.....	17to20
Average Improved.....	15to17
Coarse Carpet, Light, Long Staple.....	15to16
Coarse Carpet, Heavy or Short Staple.....	14to15
Black.....	15to16

BUSINESS LOCALS.

10 cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue. j 13 tf

RALSTIN & FAIRLEY, Funeral Directors, 109 E Huerfano st., 3 doors from the City drug store. a-25-tf

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will give a "Pink Tea" on Friday evening, March 7th, in the Wanless block, third door north of the First National bank. Tea will be served from 5 to 10 o'clock for 35 cents. c-1-4

BARGAINS.

For the next 30 days I will offer a number of walnut and ash chamber suits at actual cost, to make room for extensive spring purchases.

D. B. FAIRLEY,
b-24 tf Successor to Ralstin & Fairley.

THE TRAVELER

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NOTICE.

I am no longer connected with the shop on Pike's Peak avenue. E. C. BARTLETT.
a-31-tf

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Thomas Gowenlock's drug store. a 22-tf

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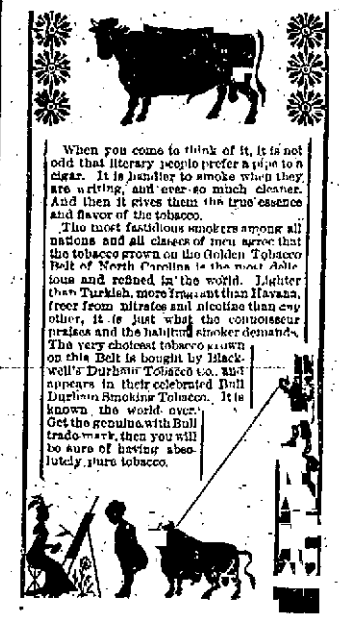

Instructions to Bidders.

Proposals for the construction of the new school buildings at Colorado Springs will be received up to noon of March 8, 1884, and opened at Dr. Horn's office, Tejon street, at 4 o'clock p. m. of same day. Proposals must be sealed; contain a certified check for $100.00, as an earnest of the bidder's intention to make a contract if the lowest bidder, which check will be returned when contract is made; proposals must be presented in person, and will be opened in the presence of the bidders; the lowest bidder will be expected to present the names of three bondsmen, each one of whom, in the estimation of the board, shall be worth $10,000.00. The board reserves the right to reject any or all proposals submitted. Plans and specifications can be seen at A. Sagendorf's drug store.

A. SAGENDORF,
Chairman of the Building Committee of Board of Education. b-26-tf

Notice.

The hotel Antlers having come into possession of the undersigned trustees, named in the second mortgage of the company, will be kept open for guests and conducted substantially as heretofore until further notice.

HANSON A. RISLEY,
CHARLES W. DRAKE
Trustees.

Colorado Springs, Colo., February 4, 1884.

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Never was such a rush for any drug store as is now at F. E. Robinson's for a trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. All persons affected with asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, severe coughs, or affection of the throat and lungs, can get a trial bottle of this great medicine FREE by calling at the above drug store. Regular size $1.00. dwk-5-1y

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Having changed hands, the manager would respectfully call the attention of physicians and the public generally to the fact that he has added a

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C. STOCKBRIDGE, Manager.
b-24-tf

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